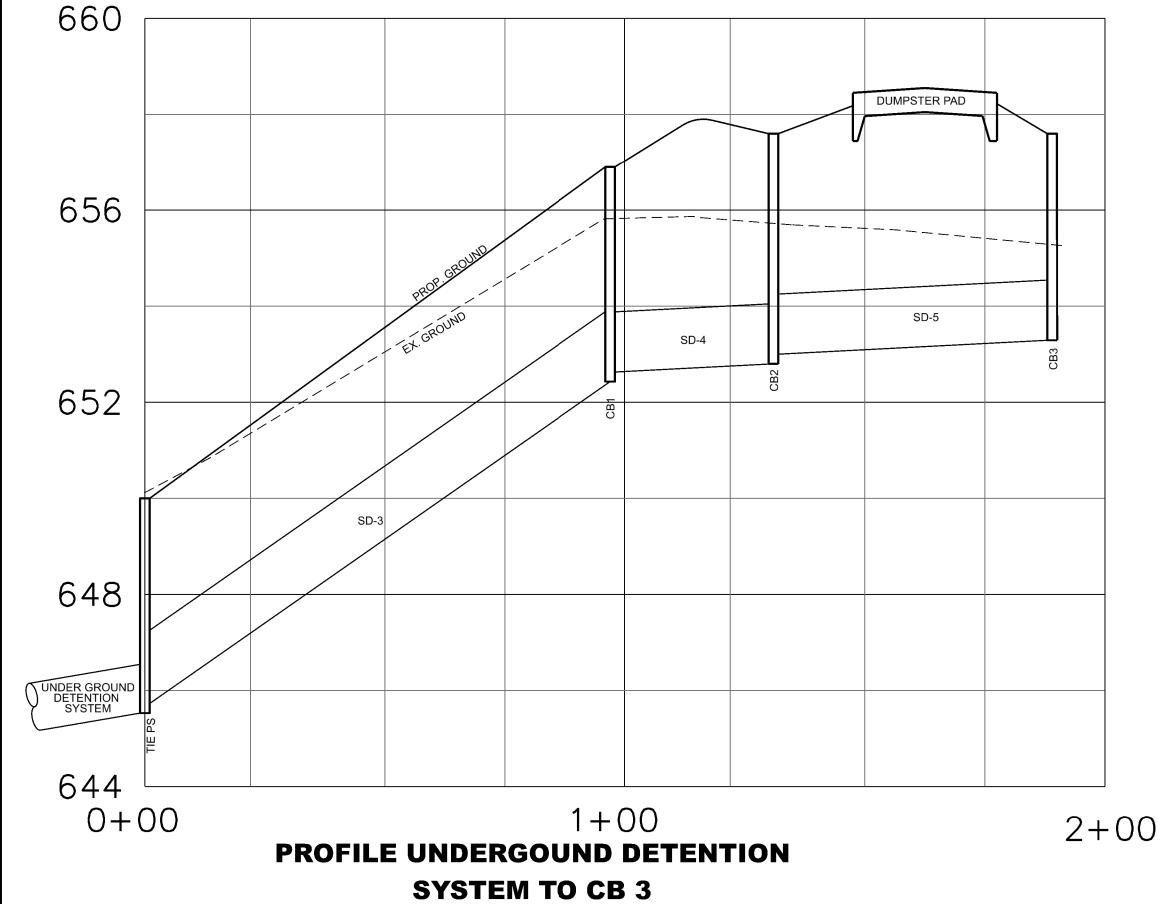
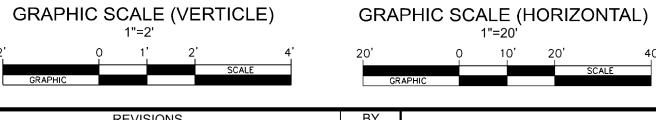


PROFILE EX. CB1 TO UNDERGOUND DETENTION SYSTEM



DRAINAGE SYSTEM DATA TABLE										
MAIN LINE DRAINAGE STRUCTURES				MAIN LINE PIPING STRUCTURES						
DETAIL REF.	STRUCT.	INV. IN	INV. OUT		RIM ELEV. *	PIPE	SIZE	TYPE	LENGTH **	SLOPE
	EX CB1	643.60	643.33		646.05	CD 1	18"	HDPE	22'	0.5%
	EX CB 2	643.91	643.71		646.40	SD-1 SD-2	2~12"		22'	
	OUTLET C.	644.12	644.02		648.80	SD-2	2~12	HDPE		0.5%
	TIE PS		645.53		650.00	OD 0	15"	ייסטכ	07'	7 1107
	CB1	652.63	652.43		657.00	SD-3		HDPE	97'	7.11%
	CB2	653.00	652.80		657.60	SD-4	15"	HDPE	34'	0.5%
	CB 3	333.00	653.29		657.60	SD-5	15"	HDPE	58'	0.5%



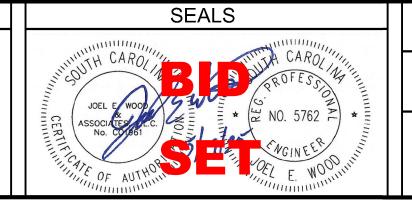
APPR	PROVALS			
Project Engr Drawn By: Checked By:	:			
Review: Bid: Construction	:			

PREPARED BY

JOEL E. WOOD & ASSOCIATES

PLANNING • ENGINEERING • MANAGEMENT

P.O. BOX 296 CLOVER, SC 29710 (803) 684-3390



	PROJECT	
Т	OM'S BODY SHOP ADDITION	
	ROCK HILL, SOUTH CAROLINA	

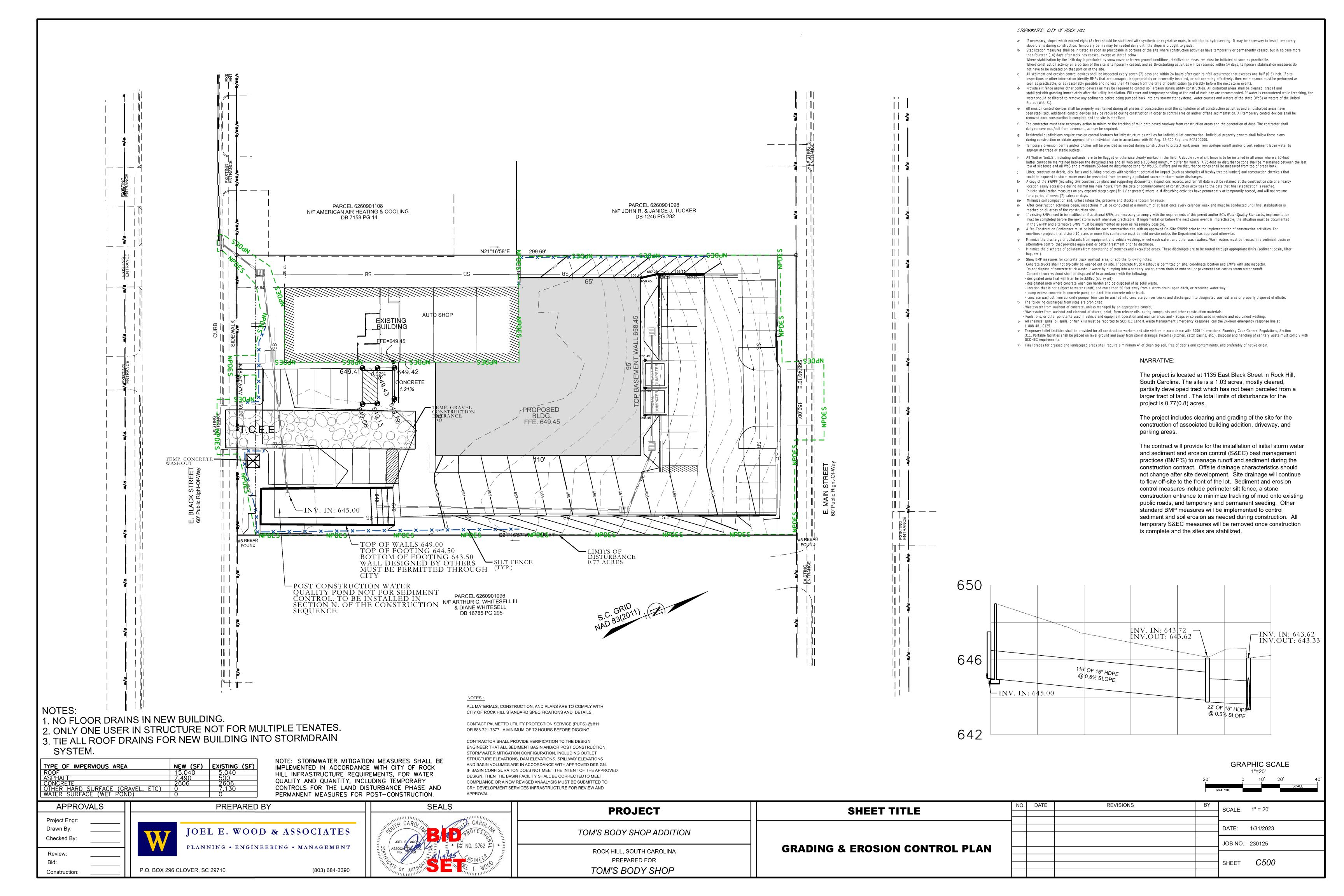
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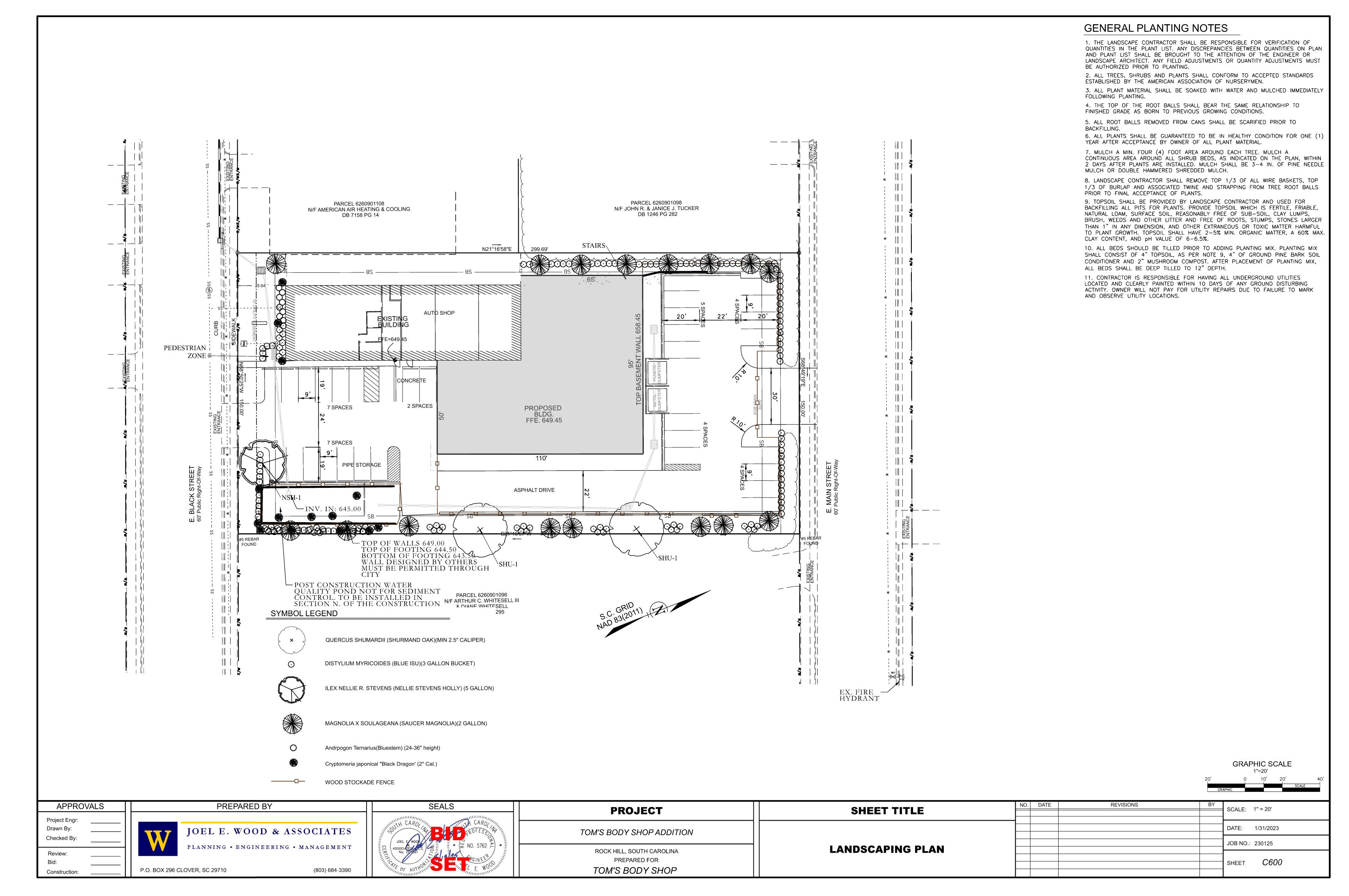
TOM'S BODY SHOP

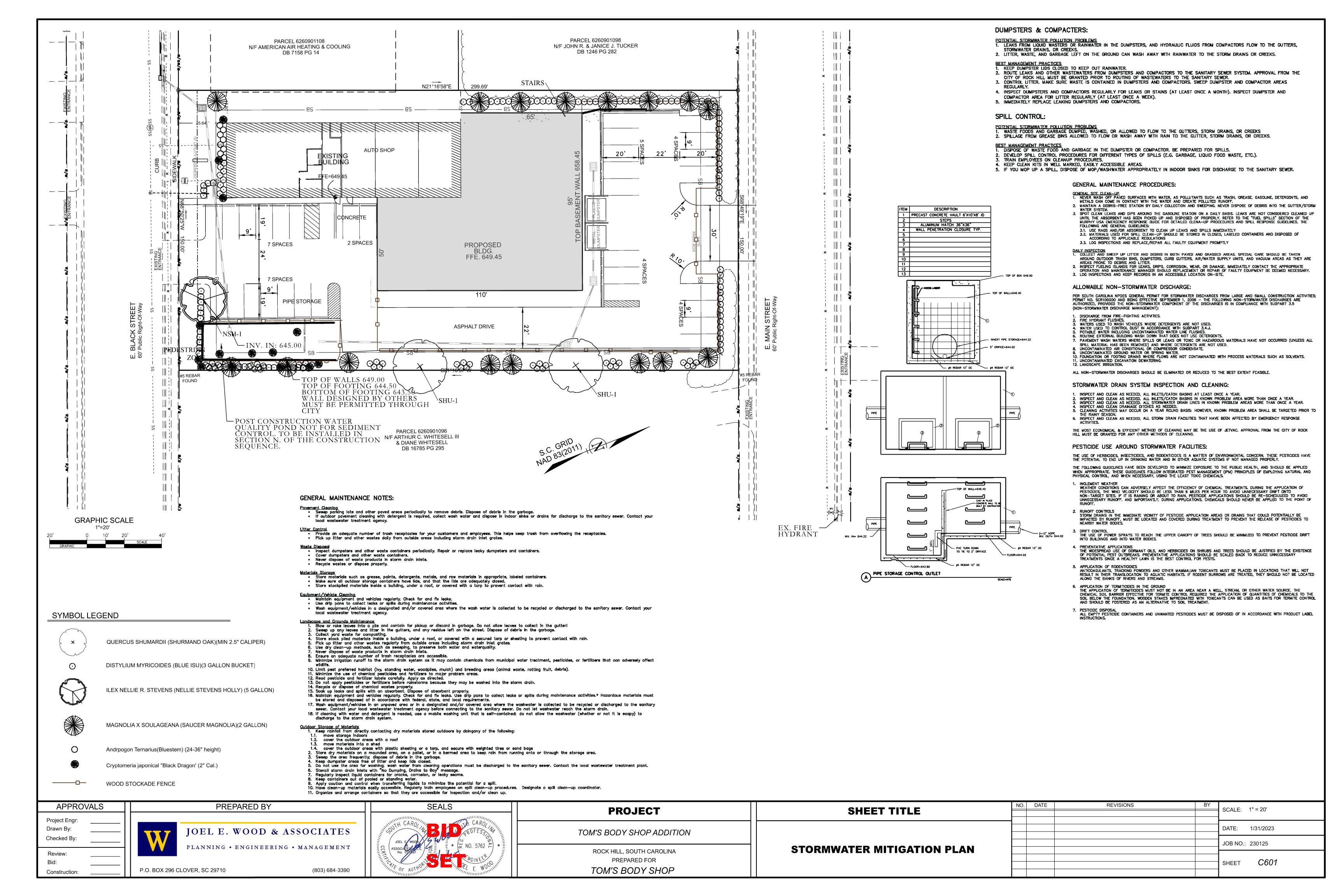
UTILITY	PLAN

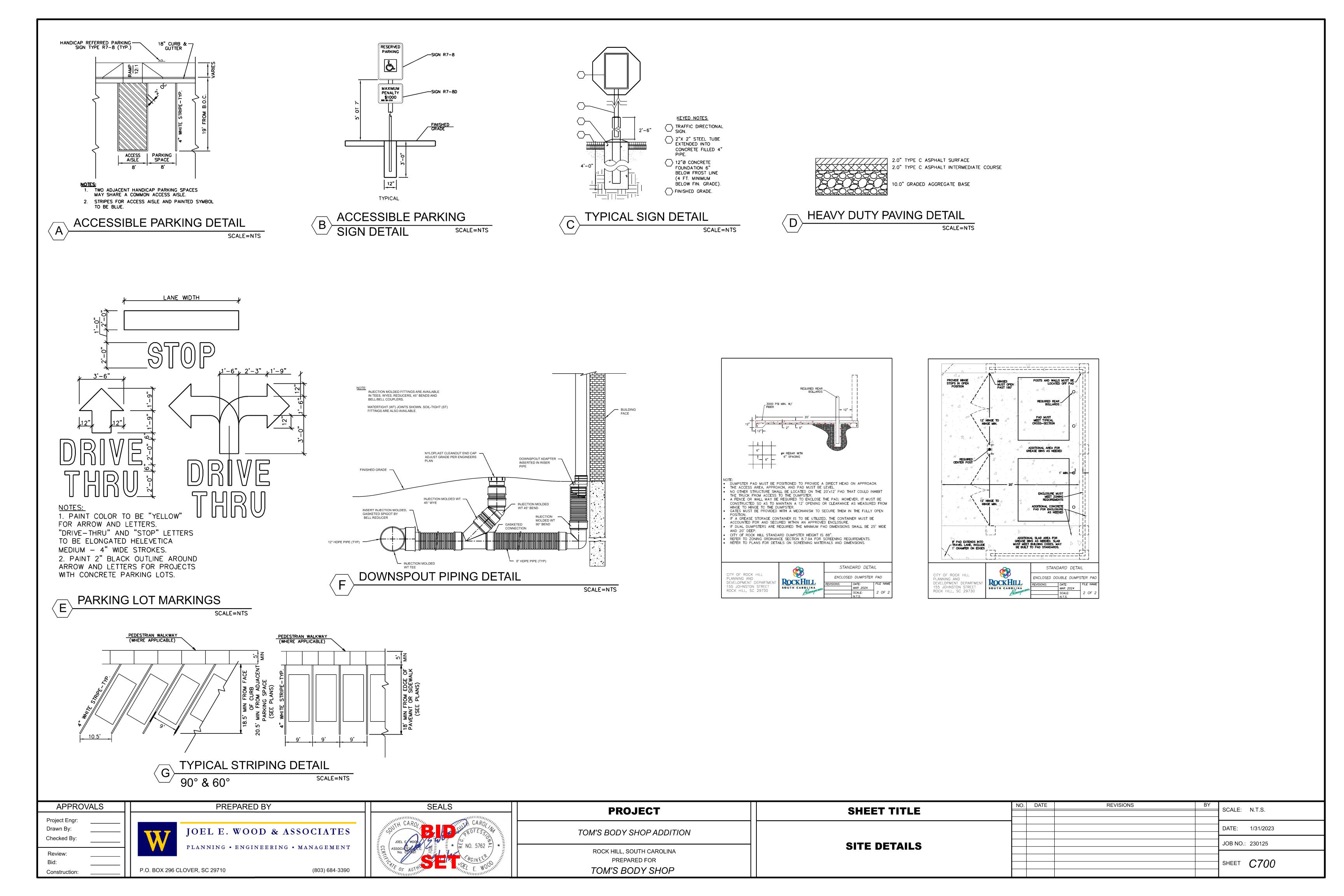
SHEET TITLE

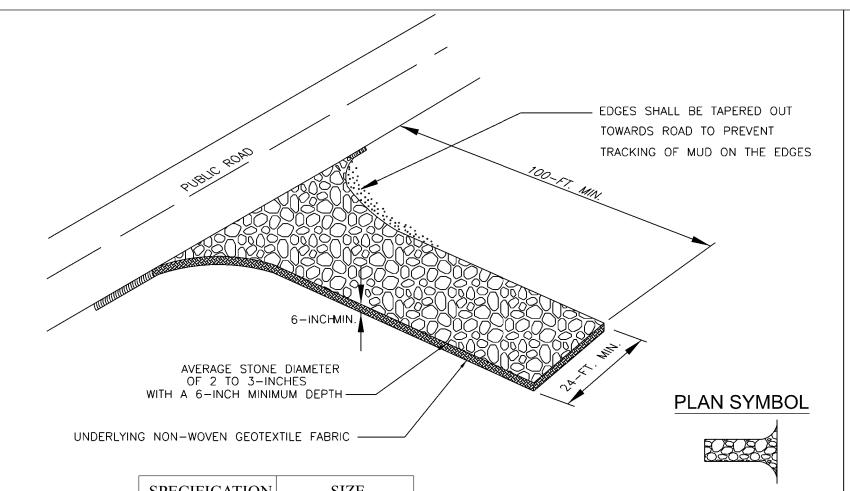
NO.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY	SCALE:	1" = 20'	
				SUALE.	1 – 20	
				DATE:	1/31/2023	
				JOB NO.:	230125	
					0404	
				SHEET	C401	











SPECIFICATION SIZE ROCK PAD THICKNESS 6 INCHES 24 FEET ROCK PAD WIDTH 100 FEET ROCK PAD LENGTH D = 2-3 INCHES ROCK PAD STONE SIZE

CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE - GENERAL NOTES

2. Install a non-woven geotextile fabric prior to placing any

3. Install a culvert pipe across the entrance when needed to

4. The entrance shall consist of 2-inch to 3-inch D50 stone

100-feet long, and may be modified as necessary to

road to prevent tracking at the edge of the entrance.

5. Minimum dimensions of the entrance shall be 24-feet wide by

6. The edges of the entrance shall be tapered out towards the

7. Divert all surface runoff and drainage from the stone pad to

a sediment trap or basin or other sediment trapping structure.

placed at a minimum depth of 6-inches.

8. Limestone may not be used for the stone pad.

provide positive drainage.

accommodate site constraints.

1. Stabilized construction entrances should be used at all points

where traffic will egress/ingress a construction site onto a

public road or any impervious surfaces, such as parking lots.

South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE STANDARD DRAWING NO. SC-06 PAGE 1 of

NOT TO SCALE FEBRUARY 2014

DATE CONSTR. ENTRANCE - INSPECTION & MAINTENANCE

2. Regular inspections of construction entrances shall be conducted once every calendar week and, as recommended, within 24-hours after each rainfall even that produces 1/2-inch or more of precipitation.

inspections, routine maintenance, and regular sediment removal.

1. The key to functional construction entrances is weekly

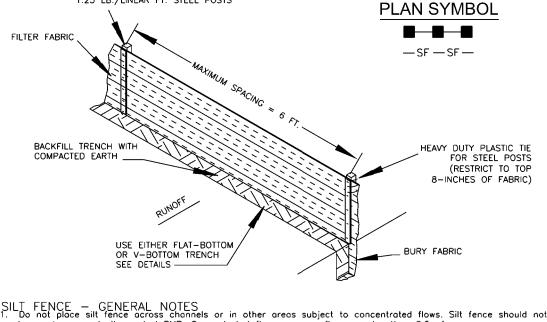
- 3. During regular inspections, check for mud and sediment buildup and pad integrity. Inspection frequencies may need to be more frequent during long periods of wet weather.
- 4. Reshape the stone pad as necessary for drainage and runoff
- 5. Wash or replace stones as needed and as directed by site inspector. The stone in the entrance should be washed or replaced whenever the entrance fails to reduce the amount of
- mud being carried off-site by vehicles. Frequent washing will extend the useful life of stone pad. 6. Immediately remove mud and sediment tracked or washed onto adjacent impervious surfaces by brushing or sweeping. Flushing
- 7. During maintenance activities, any broken pavement should be repaired immediately.

should only be used when the water can be discharged to a

8. Construction entrances should be removed after the site has reached final stabilization. Permanent vegetation should replace areas from which construction entrances have been removed, unless area will be converted to an impervious surface to serve post-construction.

> South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control **CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE**

STANDARD DRAWING NO. SC-06 PAGE 2 of 2 GENERAL NOTES FEBRUARY 2014



. Maximum sheet or overland flow path length to the silt fence shall be 100-feet . Maximum slope steepness (normal [perpendicular] to the fence line) shall be 2:1.

SILT FENCE — POST REQUIREMENTS

1. Silt Fence posts must be 48-inch long steel posts that meet, at a minimum,

Posts shall be equipped with projections to aid in fastening of filter fabric.

Steel posts may need to have a metal soil stabilization plate welded near the

should have a minimum cross section of 17-square inches and be composed

Install posts to a minimum of 24-inches. A minimum height of 1- to 2-

Post spacing shall be at a maximum of 6-feet on center.

SILT FENCE - FABRIC REQUIREMENTS

- Have a minimum width of 36-inches.

bottom when installed along steep slopes or installed in loose soils. The plate

of 15 gauge steel, at a minimum. The metal soil stabilization plate should be

inches above the fabric shall be maintained, and a maximum height of 3 feet

Silt fence must be composed of woven geotextile filter fabric that consists of

Composed of fibers consisting of long chain synthetic polymers of at least 85% by weight of polyolefins, polyesters, or polyamides that are formed

into a network such that the filaments or yarns retain dimensional stability

- Free of any treatment or coating which might adversely alter its physical

- Free of any defects or flaws that significantly affect its physical and/or

Use only fabric appearing on SC DOT's Qualified Products Listing (QPL),

Approval Sheet #34, meeting the requirements of the most current edition of the SC DOT Standard Specifications for Highway Construction.

12-inches of the fabric should be placed within excavated trench and toed in

4. Filter Fabric shall be purchased in continuous rolls and cut to the length of

5. Filter Fabric shall be installed at a minimum of 24-inches above the ground.

Composed of a high strength steel with a minimum yield strength of

- Include a standard "T" section with a nominal face width of 1.38-inches

the following physical characteristics.

shall be maintained above the ground.

the following requirements:

relative to each other;

properties after installation;

filtering properties; and,

the barrier to avoid joints.

and a nominal "T" length of 1.48-inches.

- Weigh 1.25 pounds per foot (± 8%)

SILT FENCE INSTALLATION

1.25 LB./LINEAR FT. STEEL POSTS

- Silt fence joints, when necessary, shall be completed by one of the following options:

 Wrap each fabric tagether at a support post with both ends fastened to the post, with a 1-foot

 minimum overlap;

 Overlap silt fence by installing 3-feet passed the support post to which the new silt fence roll is attached. Attach old roll to new roll with heavy—duty plastic ties; or,

 Overlap entire width of each silt fence roll from one support post to the next support post.
- Attach filter fabric to the steel posts using heavy-duty plastic ties that are evenly spaced within the top
- distance from the toe of steep slopes to provide sediment storage and access for maintenance and cleanout Install Silt Fence Checks (Tie-Backs) every 50-100 feet, dependent on slope, along silt fence that is installed with slope and where concentrated flows are expected or are documented along the proposed/installed silt

Install the silt fence perpendicular to the direction of the stormwater flow and place the silt fence the proper

SILT FENCE - INSPECTION & MAINTENANCE The key to functional silt fence is weekly inspections, routine maintenance, and regular sediment removal

FLAT-BOTTOM TRENCH DETAIL

V-SHAPED TRENCH DETAIL

COMPACTED EARTH (

RUNOFF

FILTER FABRIC

RUNOFF

COMPACTED

HEAVY DUTY PLASTIC TIES

HEAVY DUTY PLASTIC TIES

18-IN, TO 24-IN.

18-IN. TO 24-IN.

South Carolina Department of

Health and Environmental Control

SILT FENCE

NDARD DRAWING NO. SC-03 Page 1 of 2

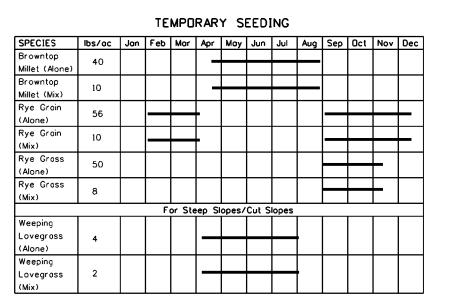
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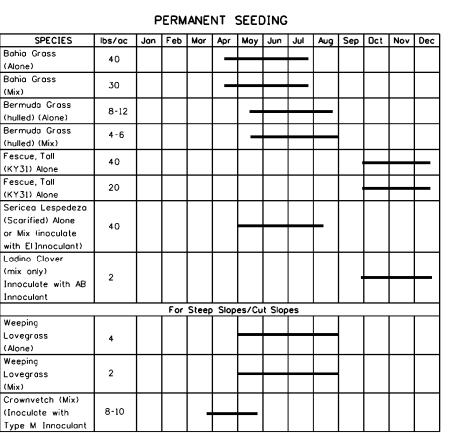
- 2. Regular inspections of silt fence shall be conducted once every calendar week and, as recommended, within 24-hours after each rainfall even that produces 1/2-inch or more of precipitation.
- 3. Attention to sediment accumulations along the silt fence is extremely important. Accumulated sediment should be continually monitored and removed when
- 4. Remove accumulated sediment when it reaches 1/3 the height of the silt
- 5. Removed sediment shall be placed in stockpile storage areas or spread thinly across disturbed area. Stabilize the removed sediment after it is relocated.
- Check for greas where stormwater runoff has eroded a channel beneath the silt fence, or where the fence has sagged or collapsed due to runoff overtopping the silt fence. Install checks/tie-backs and/or reinstall silt fence,
- 7. Check for tears within the silt fence, areas where silt fence has begun to decompose, and for any other circumstance that may render the silt fence ineffective. Removed damaged silt fence and reinstall new silt fence
- 8. Silt fence should be removed within 30 days after final stabilization is achieved and once it is removed, the resulting disturbed area shall be permanently

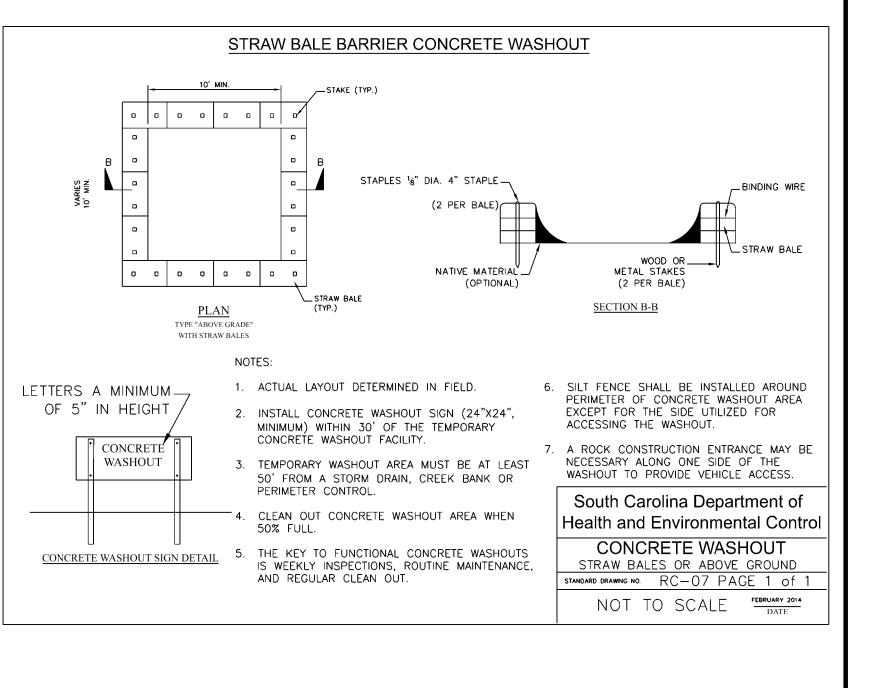
South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control SILT FENCE

standard drawing no. SC-03 PAGE 2 of 2

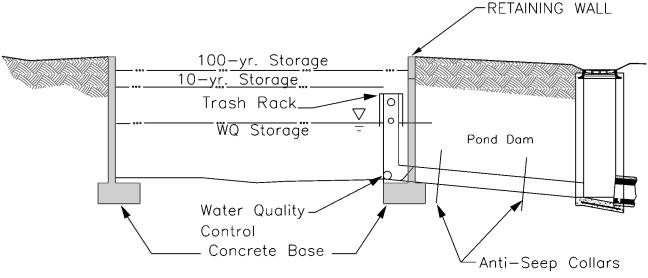
GENERAL NOTES FEBRUARY 2014
DATE

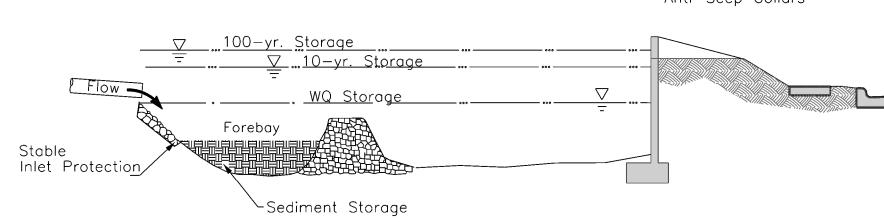






SEEDING SCHEDULE





Dry Storm Water Detention Ponds

SCALE=NTS

Dry pond inside slopes should not be more than 3:1

The pond floor should have a minimum slope of 2% toward the outlet or underdrain system. Adequate maintenance access must be provided for all dry detention and dry ED ponds.

A low flow channel should be provided to prevent standing water conditions. This channel should be protected to prevent scouring. The remainder of the pond should drain toward this channel. Where recreational uses are desired, the low-flow channel should be placed to one side instead in the middle of the pond.

For a dry detention pond, the outlet structure is sized for water quality control and water quantitiy control (based upon hydrologicrouting calculations) and can consist of a weir, orifice, outlet pipe, combination outlet, or other acceptable control structure.

A low flow orifice capable of releasing the water quality volume over 24 hours must be provided. The water quality orifice should have a minimum diameter of 2—inches and should be adequately protected from clogging by an acceptable external trash rack.

The outfall of dry ponds should always be stabilized to prevent scour and erosion. If the pond discharges to a channel with dry weather flow, care should be

taken to minimize tree clearing along the downstream channel, and to reestablish a forested riparian zone in the shortest possible distance. An emergency spillway must be included to pass the 100-year storm event. The spillway prevents pond water levels from overtopping the embankment and

causing structural damage. The spillway must be designed and installed to protect against erosion problems.

Seepage control or anti-seep collars should be provided for all outlet pipes.

Regular inspection and maintenance is critical to the effective operation of dry ponds as designed. Maintenance responsibility for a pond should be vested with a responsible authority by means of a legally binding and enforceable maintenance agreement that is executed as a condition of plan approval.

Inspections should be conducted semi-annually and after significant storm events to identify potential problems early. Most maintenance efforts will need to be directed toward vegetation management and basic housekeeping practices such as removal of debris accumulations and vegetation management to ensure that the pond dewaters completely to prevent mosquito and other habitats.

WATER QUALITY POND

SCALE=NTS

APPROVALS Project Engr:

Drawn By:

Review:

Bid:

Checked By:

Construction:

P.O. BOX 296 CLOVER, SC 29710

JOEL E. WOOD & ASSOCIATES PLANNING • ENGINEERING • MANAGEMENT

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PREPARED BY

SEALS

PROJECT TOM'S BODY SHOP ADDITION

ROCK HILL, SOUTH CAROLINA PREPARED FOR TOM'S BODY SHOP

REVISIONS DATE SHEET TITLE SCALE: N.T.S. DATE: 1/31/2023 JOB NO.: 230125 SITE DETAILS SHEET **C701**

GRASSING <u>PART 1 – GENERAL</u>

RELATED DOCUMENTS Drawings and general provisions of the contract, including General Conditions, Supplementary Conditions, and Technical Specification sections, apply to work

DESCRIPTION OF WORK This specification pertains to planting, fertilizing, and cultivating grass on all fill slopes, cut slopes, and graded areas disturbed by installation of the utilities. Established lawns and landscaped areas damaged by construction are to be

SUBMITTALS: Submit seed vendor's certified statement for each grass seed mixture required, stating botanical and common name, percentage by weight, and percentages of purity, germination, and weed seed for each grass seed species.

DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING: Deliver packaged materials in containers showing weight, analysis, and name of manufacturer. Protect materials from deterioration during delivery, and while

JOB CONDITIONS This specification is intended to provide a complete grassing procedure which is to be carefully followed. Some procedures may be adjusted, upon consultation with the Engineer, so as to meet unforseen weather and soil conditions. Proceed with and complete grassing work as rapidly as portions of the project

SPECIAL PROJECT WARRANTY Warranty grassing throughout the specified maintenance period, and until final

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

SOIL AMENDMENTS:

plant nutrients.

Lime: Natural dolomitic limestone containing not less than 85% total carbonates with a minimum of 30% magnesium carbonates, ground so that not less than 90% passes a 10-mesh sieve and not less than 50% passes a 100-mesh sieve. Superphosphate: Soluble mixture of treated minerals; 20% availabel phosphoric acid. Commercial Fertilizers: Complete fertilizer of neutral character, with some elements rom organic sources and containing the following percentages of available

24% available phosphoric acid, and 12% soluble potash. Nitrogen is to be a form that will be available to grass during the initial growth period. At least 50f nitrogen is to be organic form. 50% slow release. For grassing in unimproved areas, provide fertilizer with not less than 5% total nitrogen, 10% available phosphoric acid, and 10% soluble potash.

For grassing adjoining lawns, provide fertilizer with not less than 18% total nitrogen,

GRASS MATERIALS Sod: Provide fresh, clean, Fescue sod complying with tolerance for purity

and germination established by Official Seed Analysts of North America.

Mulch: Provide clean, seed-free hay or threshed straw of wheat, rye, oats, or barley. Anti-Desiccant: Provide liquid asphalt or emulsified asphalt type film-forming agent, designed to permit transpiration but retard excessive loss of moisture. Deliver in manufacturer's fully identified containers and mix in accordance with manufacturer's

Liquid asphalt (kerosene thinned) is to be used during freezing weather. Liquid asphalt is to be either rapid or medium curing. Emulsified asphalt (water thinned) is to be used when temperatures are above freezing. PART 3 - EXECUTION <u>PREPARATION</u>

<u>Preparation of Planting Soil:</u> Mix lime with dry soil prior to mixing of fertilizer. Prevent lime from contacting roots of acid-loving plants. Apply phosphoric acid fertilizer (other than that constituting a portion of complete fertilizers) directly to subgrade before applying planting soil and tilling. <u>Preparation of Seed Bed:</u> Loosen subgrade of areas to be grassed to a minimum depth of 4". Remove stones of 1 1/2" in any dimension and sticks, roots, rubbish and other extraneous matter. Limit preparation to areas which will be planted promptly after Seed bed is to conform to ground elevations as shown on the Construction Drawings, or

as was existing prior to construction. Light rolling and natural settlement should be taken into account. The complete seed bed should blend uniformlly into the surrounding topography. Good surface drainage of the bed must be provided. Visible ponding will not be allowed. Apply specified commercial fertilizer at the specified rates, and thoroughly mix into the

upper 2" of the seed bed. Delay application of fertilizer if lawn planting will not follow In established lown areas, fine grade seed bed to a smooth, even surface with loose, uniformly fine texture. Roll, rake, and drag lawn areas, remove ridges and fill depressions as required to meet finished grades. Limit fine grading to areas which can be planted

immediately after grading. Moisten prepared lawn areas before grassing if soil is dry. Water thoroughly and allow surface moisture to dry before planting. Do not create a muddy soil condition. Restore seed beds to specified conditions if eroded or otherwise disturbed after fine grading and prior to planting.

Do not use wet seed or seed which is moldy or otherwise damaged in transit or storage. Sow seed using a spreader or seeding machine. Do note seed when wind velocity NEVER CUT A LEADER exceeds 5 miles per hour. Distribute seed evenly over entire area by sowing equal

Rake seed lightly into the top 1/8 inch of soil, roll lightly, and water with a fine spray. Protect seeded slopes against erosion by spreading specified lawn mulch after completion of seeding operations. Spread uniformly to form a continuous blanket not less than 1 1/2 inch, loose measurement, over seeded areas.

quantity in two directions at right angles to each other.

<u>HYDROSEEDING NEW LAWNS</u> Mix specified seed, fertilizer, and pulverized mulch in water, using equipment specifically designed for hydroseed application. Continue mixing until uniformly blended into homogenous slurry, suitable for hydraulic application.

Apply slurry uniformly to all areas to be seeded. Rate of applications is to be as required to obtain specifiec seed sowing rate. MULCHING RATE:

After fertilizing, seeding, raking, and tilling, dried straw is to be uniformly spread over the area at the rate of 90 pounds per 1000 square feet. Straw is to be sprayed with liquid asphalt to bond and anchor it. Liquid aphalt (kerosene thinned) is to be applied at a rate of 150 gallons per ton of strow (approximately 7 gallons per 1000 square feet).

<u>Preparation of Planting Soil:</u> Mix lime with dry soil prior to mixing of fertilizer. Prevent lime from contacting roots of acid-loving plants. Apply phosphoric acid fertilizer (other than that constituting a portion of complete fertilizers) directly to subgrade before applying planting soil and tilling. <u>Preparation of Sod Bed:</u> Loosen subgrade of areas to be grassed to a minimum depth of 4". Remove stones of $1 \ 1/2$ " in any dimension and sticks, roots, rubbish and other extraneous matter. Limit preparation to areas which will be planted promptly after

Sod bed is to conform to ground elevations as shown on the Construction Drawings, or as was existing prior to construction. Light rolling and natural settlement should be taken into account. The complete seed bed should blend uniformlly into the Good surface drainage of the bed must be provided. Visible ponding will not be allowed Apply specified commercial fertilizer at the specified rates, and thoroughly mix into the

upper 2" of the sod bed. Delay application of fertilizer if lawn planting will not follow

Do not use sod which is moldy or otherwise damaged in transit or storage. Protect sodded slopes against erosion by spreading specified lawn mulch after completion

Begin maintenance immediately after planting.

Maintain seeded areas for not less than 60 days after substantial completion, and longer as required to establish an acceptable stand. If seeded in fall and not given full 60 days of maintenance, or if not considered acceptable at that time, continue maintenance the following spring until an acceptable stand is established. Maintain grassing by watering, fertilizing, weeding, mowing, trimming, and other operations such as rolling, regrading and replanting as required to establish a smooth, acceptable

When grassing is completed, including maintenance, the Landscape Architect will, upon request, make an inspection to determine acceptibility. Grassing may be inspected for acceptance in parts agreeable to the Landscape Architect, provided work offered for inspection is complete, including maintenance. When inspected grassing does not comply with the requirements, replace rejected work and

Seasonal seeding mixtures and rates of application shall be as follows. All rates are in Seeding within right—of—ways of state roadways will be accomplished in accordance with

GENERAL PLANTING NOTES

1. THE LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR VERIFICATION OF QUANTITIES IN THE PLANT LIST. ANY DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN QUANTITIES ON PLAN AND PLANT LIST SHALL BE BROUGHT TO THE ATTENTION OF THE ENGINEER OR LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT. ANY FIELD ADJUSTMENTS OR QUANTITY ADJUSTMENTS MUST BE AUTHORIZED PRIOR TO PLANTING

2. ALL TREES, SHRUBS AND PLANTS SHALL CONFORM TO ACCEPTED STANDARDS ESTABLISHED BY THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF NURSERYMEN. 3. ALL PLANT MATERIAL SHALL BE SOAKED WITH WATER AND MULCHED IMMEDIATELY

4. THE TOP OF THE ROOT BALLS SHALL BEAR THE SAME RELATIONSHIP TO

5. ALL ROOT BALLS REMOVED FROM CANS SHALL BE SCARIFIED PRIOR TO BACKFILLING.

FINISHED GRADE AS BORN TO PREVIOUS GROWING CONDITIONS.

6. ALL PLANTS SHALL BE GUARANTEED TO BE IN HEALTHY CONDITION FOR ONE (1) YEAR AFTER ACCEPTANCE BY OWNER OF ALL PLANT MATERIAL. 7. MULCH A MIN. FOUR (4) FOOT AREA AROUND EACH TREE. MULCH A CONTINUOUS AREA AROUND ALL SHRUB BEDS. AS INDICATED ON THE PLAN, WITHIN 2 DAYS AFTER PLANTS ARE INSTALLED. MULCH SHALL BE 3-4 IN. OF PINE NEEDLE

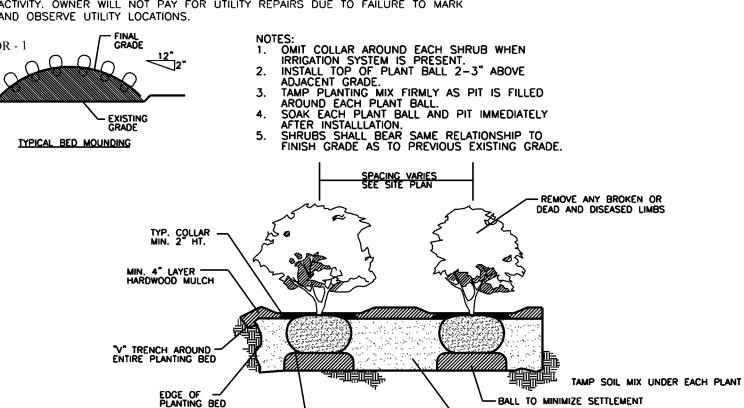
MULCH OR DOUBLE HAMMERED SHREDDED MULCH. 8. LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE TOP 1/3 OF ALL WIRE BASKETS, TOP 1/3 OF BURLAP AND ASSOCIATED TWINE AND STRAPPING FROM TREE ROOT BALLS PRIOR TO FINAL ACCEPTANCE OF PLANTS.

9. TOPSOIL SHALL BE PROVIDED BY LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR AND USED FOR BACKFILLING ALL PITS FOR PLANTS. PROVIDE TOPSOIL WHICH IS FERTILE, FRIABLE, NATURAL LOAM, SURFACE SOIL, REASONABLY FREE OF SUB-SOIL, CLAY LUMPS, BRUSH, WEEDS AND OTHER LITTER AND FREE OF ROOTS, STUMPS, STONES LARGER THAN 1" IN ANY DIMENSION, AND OTHER EXTRANEOUS OR TOXIC MATTER HARMFUL TO PLANT GROWTH. TOPSOIL SHALL HAVE 2-5% MIN. ORGANIC MATTER, A 60% MAX. CLAY CONTENT, AND pH VALUE OF 6-6.5%.

10. ALL BEDS SHOULD BE TILLED PRIOR TO ADDING PLANTING MIX. PLANTING MIX SHALL CONSIST OF 4" TOPSOIL, AS PER NOTE 9, 4" OF GROUND PINE BARK SOIL CONDITIONER AND 2" MUSHROOM COMPOST. AFTER PLACEMENT OF PLANTING MIX, ALL BEDS SHALL BE DEEP TILLED TO 12" DEPTH.

11. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR HAVING ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITIES LOCATED AND CLEARLY PAINTED WITHIN 10 DAYS OF ANY GROUND DISTURBING ACTIVITY, OWNER WILL NOT PAY FOR UTILITY REPAIRS DUE TO FAILURE TO MARK AND OBSERVE UTILITY LOCATIONS.

TURNBUCKLE -



SHRUB PLANTING DETAIL

TREE PLANTING DETAIL

TOPSOIL PLANTING MIX - MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS:

1. WHERE PAVEMENT CUTOUTS ON RENOVATED SITES ARE REQUIRED AND/OR WHERE NEW PLANTING STRIPS OR ISLANDS ARE REQUIRED, ALL PAVEMENT, CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS AND GRAVEL SUB-BASE MUST BE REMOVED BEFORE PREPARING SOIL AND PLANTING TREES. EXISTING COMPACTED SOIL MUST BE REMOVED AND REPLACED WITH 24" OF TOPSOIL/PLANTING MIX -OR- EXISTING SOIL MAY BE UNCOMPACTED TO A DEPTH OF 24" AND AMENDED TO MEET TOPSOIL STANDARDS.

2. SOIL IN ALL PLANTING STRIPS OR ISLANDS, WHETHER EXISTING OR NEW (ON NEW OR RENOVATED SITES), MUST MEET THE MINIMUM TOPSOIL/PLANTING MIX SPECIFICATIONS. SOIL AMENDMENTS OR FRESH TOPSOIL/PLANTING MIX ARE OFTER NEEDED FOR PLANTING AREAS AT SITES WHERE ORIGINAL TOPSOIL IS OF POOR QUALITY, HEAVILY COMPACTED OR WHERE TOPSOIL HAS BEEN COMPLETELY

3. TOPSOIL/PLANTING MIX SHOULD BE NATURAL, FERTILE, AGRICULTURAL SOIL CAPABLE OF SUSTAINING VIGOROUS PLANT GROWTH. IT SHOULD BE UNIFORM COMPOSITION THROUGHOUT, WITH A MIXTURE OF SUBSOIL IT SHOULD BE FREE OF STONES, LUMPS, LIVE PLANTS AND THEIR ROOTS, STICKS AND OTHER EXTRANEOUS MATTER. TOPSOIL SHOULD NOT BE USED WHILE IN A FROZEN OR MUDDY CONDITION.

4. TOPSOIL/PLANTING MIX SHALL HAVE AN ACIDITY RANGE OF pH 5.5-7.0 AND THE FOLLOWING COMPOSITION:

 CLAY (RED CLAY, PULVERIZED) MINIMUM 10 COMPOST* MINIMUM 5

MINIMUM 30 COARSE SAND (FREE OF ROCKS) MINIMUM 30

6. ALL PLANTING AREAS SHOULD BE TESTED FOR PROPER DRAINAGE. DRAINAGE SHOULD BE CORRECTED AS NECESSARY TO INSURE PROPER TREE GROWING NAMES ... SURVIVAL. THE FOLLOWING LEVEL OF NUTRIENT ELEMENTS IS RECOMMENDED FOR PROPER GROWTH: MAXIMUM 50%. MAXIMUM 45%.

 NITROGEN 55 % - 80% - PHOSPHOROUS 10%-30% POTASSIUM

SCALE=NTS

TO BE SEEDED.

NOTE: ALL REMAINING DISTURBED AREAS

SOIL PREPARATION REQUIREMENTS:

Planting Notes:

All tree pits, shrub and prepared planting beds are to be completely excavated in accordance with the planting details. Parking lot islands, including end caps, the foundation planter strip and perimeter landscape areas shall be prepared according to the planting notes and the detail sheet. Areas of natural, uncontaminated soil may be amended only without full excavation but are subject to soil test report or inspection prior to landscape installation.

Specify full excavation, length, width and depth, the removal of stones, fill dirt, pavement, subgrade material and all construction debris from islands, proposed areas of new plant installation and the foundation planter strip. Excavate to native material and backfill with viable topsoil and planting mix to a depth of not less than 24 inches. Depth of 30? may be required in some instances where site conditions warrant greater soil volume and amendments. Soil in planting areas may be crowned.

Soil required for planting mixes shall be provided by the contractor who shall load, haul, mix and distribute all topsoil and amendments such as organics, humus, composted material or native material as required. It shall be free of any other extraneous matter other than friable soil. Planting mix shall be natural, fertile agricultural topsoil, including amendments, and capable of sustaining vigorous plant growth.

All topsoil and planting mix is subject to inspection prior to and during the planting period. The CRH may reject all material, including soil backfill, that does not meet the specifications. A sample of the proposed planting mix shall be made available for City of Rock Hill Landscape Architect 15 working days prior to installation and approval on installations. A soil test may be required previous to approval. A landscape inspection WILL NOT pass without an acceptable planting medium, as well as, inspection of parking lot islands and foundation planting areas that are to be approved by the City?s Landscape Architect.

1. ALL TREES TO BE GROWN IN A RECOGNIZED NURSERY IN ACCORDANCE WITH RECOMMENDATION AND REQUIREMENTS OF ANSI 260.1 STANDARD FOR NURSERY STOCK.

2. REMOVE ALL TREATED OR PLASTIC-COATED BURLAY STRAPPING WIRE OR NYLON TWINE FROM ROOT BALL. AFTER SETTING IN HOLE, CUT AWAY TOP 12" OF WIRE BASKET, IF

ANY.

3. INSTALL TOP OF PLANT BALL EVEN WITH OR 1" ABOVE EXISTING GRADE.

4. SOAK PLANT BALL AND PIT IMMEDIATELY AFTER INSTALLATION. PLACE 4-6" OF SEASONED MULCH OR PINE NEEDLES AROUND BASE OF TREE, 3' DIAMETER MINIMUM.

5. TREE BRACING STRAPS ARE OPTIONAL, USE POLYPROPYLENE WEBBING ONLY. NO WIRE OR ROPE TO BE IN DIRECT CONTACT WITH TRUNK. REMOVE ALL TREE STRAPS AND TRUNK WRAP AFTER ONE GROWING SEASON.

6. ANY TREE PROPOSED FOR PLANTING ON THE STREET RIGHT-OF-WAY MUST BE APPROVED IN ADVANCED BY THE CITY ARBORIST AS TO SPECIES, SIZE AND LOCATION(CITY ONLY)

7. CILY WIRES ARE NOT PERMITTED IN STREET RIGHT-OF-WAY

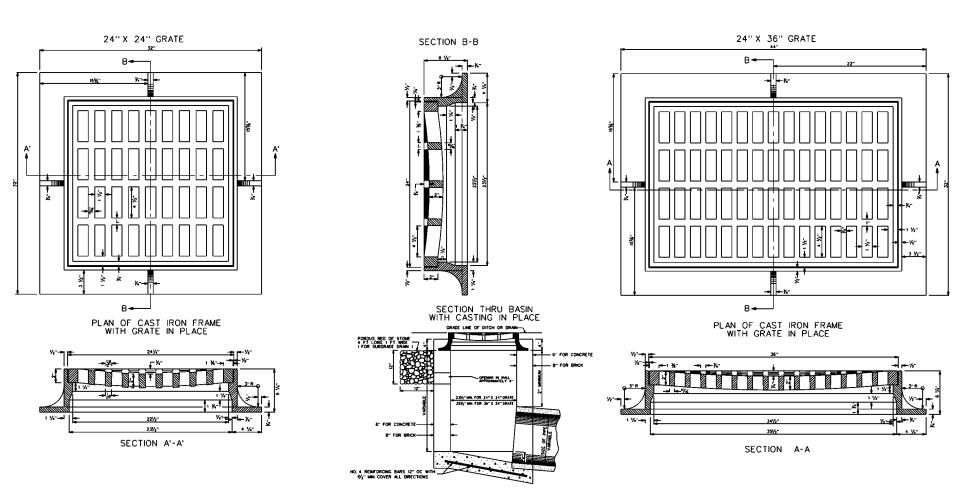
GUY WIRES ARE NOT PERMITTED IN STREET RIGHT-OF-WAY.

NO BACKFILL ALLOWED ON TOP OF ROOT BALL.

LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR LOCATING BURIED UTILITIES PRIOR TO INSTALLATION.

SCALE=NTS

OPTIONAL(TREE STAKING/BRACING MUST BE REMOVED AFTER 1 GROWING BY LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR



1. FOR IN-PLACE CONSTRUCTION OF THE DROP INLET WALLS, EITHER BRICK MASONRY OR CLASS 3000 CONCRETE MAY BE USED. FOR CONCRETE, THE WALLS ARE TO BE 6" THICK WITH A REINFORCING STEEL AREA OF 0.20 SQ. INCH PER FT. FOR BRICK, THE WALLS ARE TO BE 8" THICK. CONCRETE BRICK AND SIMILAR SOLID UNITS SHALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM C 55, GRADE S-II. THE BOTTOM SLAB OF THE BOX SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 6 IN. THICK CLASS 3000 CONCRETE WITH A REINFORCING STEEL AREA OF 0.20 SQ. INCH PER FT. WIRE MESH MAY BE USED IN LIEU OF STEEL BARS PROVIDED A MINIMUM OF 0.20 SQ. INCH PER FT. IS MET.

4. IF DESIRED THESE ITEMS MAY BE PRECAST PRIOR TO INSTALLATION IN LIEU OF BEING CAST IN PLACE. THE USE OF PRECAST UNITS WILL NOT RELIEVE THE CONTRACTOR OF THE RESPONSIBILITY OF OBTAINING SATISFACTORY INSTALLATIONS. SEE STANDARD DRAWINGS FOR PRECAST CONCRETE DRAINAGE BOX OR STRUCTURE FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS AND SPECIFICATIONS.

5. REINFORCING STEEL SHALL BE ASTM A-706, LOW-ALLOY STEEL DEFORMED AND PLAIN BARS FOR CONCRETE REINFORCEMENT, GRADE 60. WIRE MESH SHALL CONFORM TO AASHTO M 55 AND M 221.

6. IF STRUCTURE DEPTH EXCEEDS 4'-6", METAL STEPS ARE TO BE PLACED ON WALL. SEE STEP STANDARD DRAWING 719-16. 7. ALL CASTINGS SHALL CONFORM TO AASHTO M 105, CLASS 35B. CASTINGS SHALL MEET LOAD TEST OF AASHTO M 306 (40,000 LBS.).

(D) STRENGTH REQUIREMENTS OF STEEL GRATES AND FRAMES MUST MEET AASHTO M-306 (40,000 LBS.)

8. (A) STEEL GRATES AND FRAME MAY BE USED IN LIEU OF CAST IRON AS LONG AS THE LOADING AND HYDRAULIC REQUIREMENTS ARE MET, AND ARE ON THE DEPARTMENT'S LIST OF APPROVED SUPPLIERS. (B) STEEL GRATES SHALL BE HOT DIP GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AASHTO M 111. (C) STEEL GRATES AND FRAMES SHALL BE DIMENSIONED TO BE INTERCHANGEABLE WITH EACH PIECE OF THE CAST IRON GRATE AND FRAME SHOWN. STEEL GRATES MUST HAVE POSITIVE MEANS TO BE RETAINED IN THE FRAME.

(E) MANUFACTURERS DESIRING TO BE PLACED ON THE DEPARTMENT'S APPROVAL SHEETS SHOULD CONTACT THE RESEARCH AND MATERIALS ENGINEER FOR PROCEDURES.

SHALL BE FLUSH WITH FLOOR OF BASIN 13. THE SOFFIT (INSIDE TOP OF PIPE) OF THE OUTLET PIPE SHOULD BE NO HIGHER THAN THE FLOW LINE OF THE INLET PIPE,

11. AFTER THE FRAME IS SET IN ITS FINAL POSITION, IT IS TO BE ENCASED WITH CONCRETE AS SHOWN BY DRAWING.

THIS GRATE IS NOT SUITABLE FOR PEDESTRIAN TRAFFIC BECAUSE GRATE OPENINGS EXCEED $\frac{1}{2}$ ".

14. THE CONTRACT UNIT PRICE FOR DROP INLETS SHALL INCLUDE THE COST OF FURNISHING ALL MATERIALS AND WORK INCIDENTAL TO THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE STRUCTURE COMPLETE IN PLACE AS SHOWN IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SCHOOL STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION (LATEST EDITION).

12. THE FLOOR OF THE BASIN MUST SLOPE IN THE DIRECTION OF THE OUTLET PIPE AS SHOWN AND THE INSIDE OF OUTLET PIPE

THE LONGEST DIMENSIONS OF THE OPENING IN THE IRON GRATE SHOULD BE ORIENTED IN THE DIRECTION OF FLOW, IF PRACTICABLE.

10. AS SHOWN BY THIS DRAWING, THE FRAME IS SET LEVEL, BUT THE ENGINEER MAY SET SAME ON SLOPE AS REQUIRED BY LOCAL

AREA BASIN (AB)

1. FOR IN PLACE CONSTRUCTION OF THE CATCH BASINS, THE WALLS MAY BE EITHER BRICK MASONRY OR

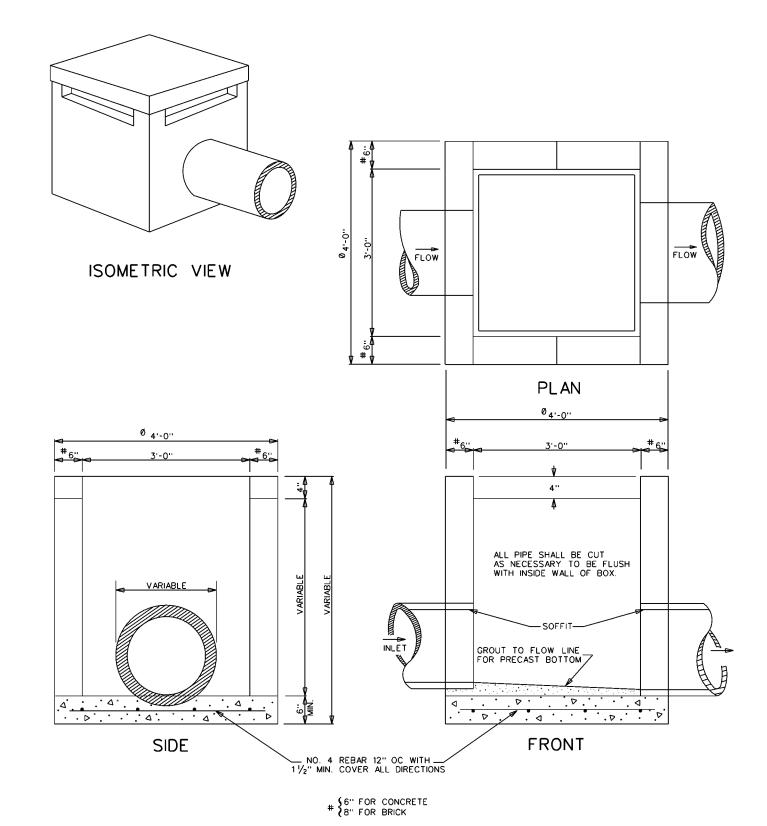
CLASS 3000 CONCRETE. CONCRETE WALLS ARE TO BE 6 IN. THICK WITH A REINFORCING STEEL AREA OF 0.20 SQ. INCH PER FT. BRICK WALLS ARE TO BE 8 IN. THICK. CONCRETE BRICK AND SIMILAR SOLID UNITS SHALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM C 55, GRADE S-II. 2. THE BOTTOM SLAB OF THE BOX SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 6 IN. THICK CLASS 3000 CONCRETE WITH A REINFORCING

0.20 SQ, INCH PER FT, IS MET 3. FOR CONSTRUCTION OF THE CATCH BASIN TOP, CLASS 4000P OR BETTER CONCRETE SHALL BE USED WITH

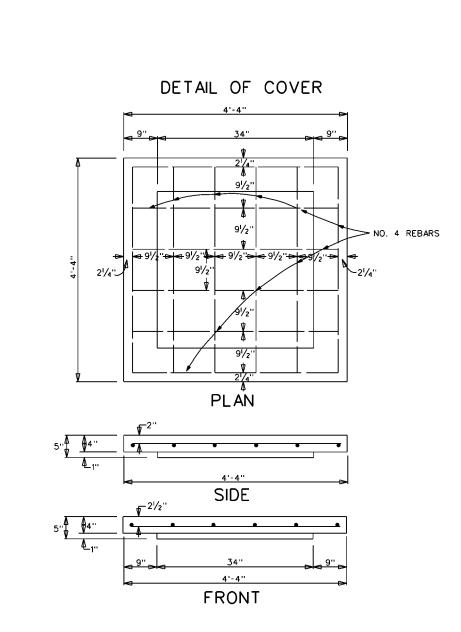
5. IF DESIRED THESE ITEMS MAY BE PRECAST PRIOR TO INSTALLATION IN LIEU OF BEING CAST IN PLACE. THE USE OF PRECAST UNITS WILL NOT RELIEVE THE CONTRACTOR OF THE RESPONSIBILITY OF OBTAINING SATISFACTORY INSTALLATIONS. SEE STANDARD DRAWINGS FOR PRECAST CONCRETE DRAINAGE BOX OR STRUCTURES FOR ADDITIONAL

STEEL AREA OF 0.20 SQ. INCH PER FT. WIRE MESH MAY BE USED IN LIEU OF STEEL BARS PROVIDED A MINIMUM OF

6. REINFORCING STEEL SHALL BE ASTM A-706, LOW-ALLOY DEFORMED BARS FOR CONCRETE REINFORCEMENT, GRADE 60. WIRE MESH SHALL CONFORM TO AASHTO M 55, AND M 221.



0 {4'-0" FOR CONCRETE (MINIMUM)
4'-4" FOR BRICK (MINIMUM)



SCALE=NTS

SCALE: N.T.S.

DATE: 1/31/2023

JOB NO.: 230125

SHEET **C702**

SCALE=NTS

Unless otherwise required by the State or the Engineer (pursuant to potential erosion of ditches or steep slopes) seed within road right-of-way will be treated like established lawns. REVISIONS **APPROVALS** DATE PREPARED BY SEALS **PROJECT** SHEET TITLE Project Engr Drawn By: JOEL E. WOOD & ASSOCIATES TOM'S BODY SHOP ADDITION Checked By: STORM DRAIN DETAILS PLANNING • ENGINEERING • MANAGEMENT ROCK HILL, SOUTH CAROLINA Review PREPARED FOR TOM'S BODY SHOP P.O. BOX 296 CLOVER, SC 29710 (803) 684-3390 Construction:

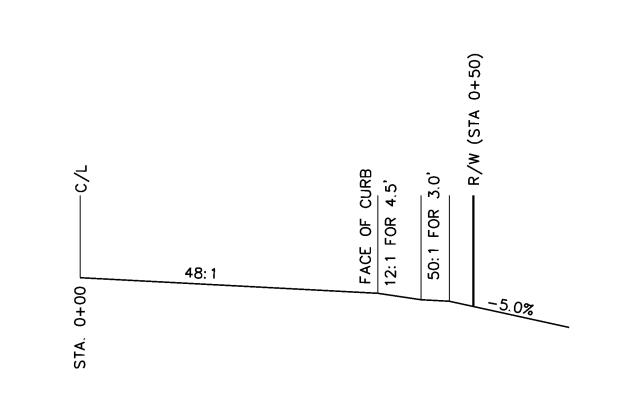
continue specified maintenance until reinspected by the Landscape Architect and found acceptible.

SEASONAL SEEDING MIXTURES AND RATES OF APPLICATION:

lawn, free of eroded bare areas. INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

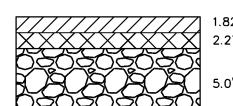
the requirements pertaining to maintained lawns.





DRIVEWAY PROFILE

SCALE=NTS



1.82" TYPE C ASPHALT SURFACE COURSE 2.27" TYPE C ASPHALT INTERMEDIATE COURSE

5.0" TYPE B ASPHALT AGGREGATE BASE COUR

PAVING DETAIL W/IN R/W

SCALE=NTS

